PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# REAL ESTATE AND **BUILDING NEWS**

THE TIMES FOUNDED 1886. THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1860.

Valuable Business Property Changes Hands; Particulars Lacking

### DEMAND FOR CASH BY HOME-MAKERS

High Rents Driving People to Borrow Money to Build Homes. Much Inquiry for Gardening and Small Farm Property - Building Operations Decidedly Active.

activity in real estate for a midsummer season. However, the activity was about in spots, some of the was about in spots, some of the agents reporting a continuance of the summer duliness. However, all of them are busy enough, but all of them are not busy selling dirt. The rental agents, or, at least, such of them as have not yet closed out their entire lists, are doing considerable hustling with the home renters, and those who have money to lend for home and house building purposes have been exceedingly busy the past week. One prominent realty dealer and money lender says he never knew such active demand for money to build houses.

Such active demand for money to build houses.

Cheaper Than Rent.

Any number of people, who have saved up enough cash to start with, have reached the conclusion that in view of high rents it is cheaper to horrow money and build than it is to live in a leased home. So great is the demand for this kind of money that a slight scarcity of funds for such purpose is noticeable. This, however, is largely due to the fact that many of the Richmond capitalists and money lenders are away taking their summer vacations, and the cash left in the hands of real estate agents to be put out on realty security has been drawn on more rapidly than the supply has come in. The trouble of this kind will all be over soon.

High-Priced Property Sold. High-Priced Property Sold.

The transactions in the selling line or the past week were not as numerous as they have been during ome recent weeks, but several large ransactions in business property ran he figures up to an amount in excess of some of those recorded in very excent past weeks. Some of these arge deals have been on the string or quite a while, and have already quite a while, and have already reported.

or quite a while, and have already een reported.

The agents are, as usual, rather recent, but estimates in dollars and ents place the figures for the week t fully \$200,000. Pollard & Bagby sport sales of over \$100,000, mostly f business property, and they were tainly deals that have long been on the string, but they decline to give ut the particulars for publication.

J. Thompson Brown & Co. report mail sales, small for them, running of ot over \$20,000, consisting of resistence property in the main.

Amos & Poindexter found somening to do in the Battle Abbey secon and along Hanover Street. A cal involving more than a dozen lots ear the Battle Abbey was yesterday

involving more than a dozen lots the Battle Abbey was yesterday he eve of being closed up, but is recorded in the above totals, be-e the finishing touches have not been put on. It is likely that interesting deal will tumble off string during this week.

the Sauer Flavoring Extract Company. The buyers were the Duplex Envelope Company, of this city, who will move their big envelope making plant there as soon as the C. F. Sauer Company completes their new extract fac-

pany completes their new extract factory and moves in. The price was \$12,000. Bates & Co. also made some other large-sized sales, but, in the language of the seller, they are as yet "nonreportable."

William Purcell, Jr., Company report the sale of six vacant lots on several streets in the West End, which totalled \$10,925. Many other agents report small sales in various parts of the city, and nearly all of them had a hand in running the total for the week up to the \$200,000 the week up to the \$200,000

them had a hand in running the total for the week up to the \$200,000 named.

Another big transaction which was really closed before last week was the purchase of 120 front feet of ground on East Franklin Street, adjoining the old Ballard House, by J. T. Nuckols, the well known contractor and builder.

Theyfour houses on this property are being forn down to make room for a four-story warehouse and store, which is to be occupied by January 1 next by the Miles Shoe Company, who have aiready leased it for a term of years. This mammoth building will contain 45.000 square feet of floor room, and will be made a first-class, up-to-date wholesale) shoe house, being built especially for that business.

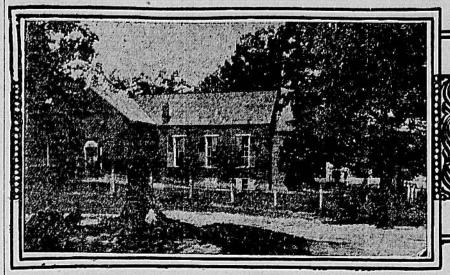
Seckrist Small-Sized "Farms."

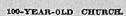
From all quarters come reports of very active, even acreage, in the far suburbs that are convenient to trolley lines and sittum railways. Numbers of salaried men in the city who have saved up some money are seeking such lands ith from two to ten-acre plots, even after their families and have enough ground left to raise vegetables, small fruits and fowls, and maybe keep a low. Business men of all kinds are catching the small farm mania. These selaried men and working men have sileo caught the feven but heeause of the scarcity and unreliability of farth labor they propose to undertake only such acreage as they can till thelaselves in the early morning hours before business and in the long afternoons after they have left off store, office or factory work. This class of homes within from four to ten miles along the trolley lines and railways are becoming exceeding. Many of the captus who handle

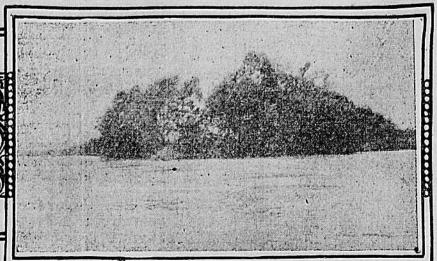
ly popular. Many of the againts who handle (Continued on Last Page.)

## SCENES IN AND AROUND FORK UNION

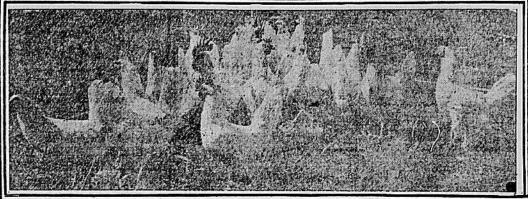
RICHMOND, VA., SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1910.

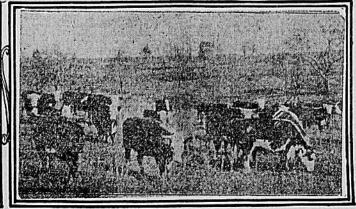






ANERSECTION OF JAMES AND RIVANNA, NEAR COLUMBIA.





HERD OF FLUVANNA HEREFORDS

Fifty Thousand Dollars to Be Offered in Prizes, Premiums and Purses.

LONG AND FULL PREMIUM LIST

The October Exhibition to Be the Greatest Ever-Pride of All Virginia.

The premium list of the State Fair of Virginia, which will be held durng the first week in October-3d to 8th inclusive-has just come from the sth inclusive—has just come from the press, and is being mailed to the exhibitors of the previous fairs of the association. A postal to Mark R. Lloyd, general manager, will bring you a copy by return mail. The 148-page publication is printed on heavy supercalendered paper with a handsomely embossed cover, in the centre of which a half-tone of the celebrated Jersey bull. Oxford Lad, recently sold of which a half-tone of the celebrated Jersey bull, Oxford Lad, recently sold at auction for the sum of \$11,500, is in thorough keeping with the classes and prizes contained within its covers. It was thought in 1909 that the classification was complete, but a

study of the classes which have been added clearly indicate that the fair management is determined to build up a fair in which all residents of Virginia will take pride, and which, it is hoped, will stimulate all breeders and farmers to increased efforts in perfecting and increasing the value of the live stock and farm products of the Cld Dominion.

Horses, Mules and Cattle,
A cursory examination of the premium list discloses the fact that department A, horses, contains complete classes for fourteen distinct breeds, and one notes therein that the Percheron, Clyden, Shires, Suffolks, as well as other draft breed, and further that it includes hackney, French and German coach, thoroughbred, standard

Percheron, Clyden, Shries, Suntolks, as well as other draft breed, and further that it includes hackney, French and German coach, thoroughbred, standard bred, Morgan, and also ponies, saddle horses, jacks and mules.

The cattle department, B, offers premiums for fourteen distinct breeds, including the Shorthout, Hereford, Galloway and Augur of the beef types, the Red Polled and Devon of dual purpose, and Jerseys, Holsteins, Brown Swiss, Kerry, Ayrshires, Dutch Belted and Guernsey of the dairy breeds. In each of these sections the premiums average more than \$500, so that a total of approximately \$8,000 is offered for cattle. An attractive fatcattle class is also carried.

Hogs, Sheep and Poultry.

In the swine department classes are provided for Berkshires, Durae Jerseys, Yorkshires, Poland China, Chester Whites, Tamworth, Essex, Victoria, Large Black, and also for other distinct breeds, as well as barrows.

The sheep department should prove espacially attractive, as it contains sections devoted to Dorsets, Cotswolds, Southdown Shropshires, Hampshires, Oxford Down, Cheviots, Lincolns, Leicesters, the Merlnos, American, Spanish, Delaware or Black Top, as well as Ramboulllett, and also Angoragoats. A class for weathers has also been added.

The poultry, pigeon and pet stock departments is complete, same including practically every known variety and subdivision of variaties known to fanolers. In this department the premiums payable have been doubled,

and subdivision of varieties known to fanciers. In this department the premiums payable have been doubled, and it is certain that the cackling and crowings of thousands of birds will lend noise, if not action, to the fair.

In writing of the live stock department it would be a serious omission to fail to call attention to the exceedingly numerous and attractive special prizes. Through the active and intelligent industry of the management the attention of the great live (Continued on Third Page) (Continued on Third Page.)

CHICKEN INDUSTRY.

Farm Demonstration Work and Its Good Results in the Two Counties.

ACTIVE BOYS' CORN CLUBS

Youngsters' Way of Making King of Grains-Showing Fathers New Tricks.

BY FRANK S. WOODSON.

The farm demonstration work carried on by Thomas O. Sandy, State agent, and his corps of assistants and local demonstrators, and known as the Farmers' Co-Operative Demonstration Work, is being extended in parts of the Commonwealth where it was never before known, and grand results are following. In view of this fact it is very strange that there are many farmers who absolutely refuse to avail themselves of it when they must know, if they know anything at all about it, that it is for their beneft and does not oost them a single cent.

I have heard some make unfavorable comments and express an objection to the work because they believed, so ran their comments, that Sandy and his assistants and subagents were making money out of it. agent, and his corps of assistants and

agents were making money out of it. That is absolutely silly, for in the first place it is not true, as neither Mr. Sandy nor any of his men get as much from the work as their services are worth, nor as much as they could make by utilizing the same time at something else—attending more diligently to their own farms, for instance. In the second place, if it were true that they are making a big income out of it) what business is that of the mutton-headed, chronic kickers above mentioned? It is not their money that goes to pay the agents and demonstrators the little pittance they get, and it is the farmagents were making money out of it pittance they get, and it is the farmers themselves who get the benefit of it all. None of this good work has ever cost a Virginia farmer a single ever cost a Virginia farmer a single penny, but several hundred of them have been greatly benefited by it, and they are the people who are making the money by the demonstrations. But I must not be too hard on these chronic kickers—it is doubtful if any sood can be accomplished by lecturing or criticising them, for I presume there will be mutton heads and silly growlers scattered about on some Virginia farms until Gabriel comes to blow his horn, and Gabe will have to get off his blasts pretty quick after his arrival to keep them from growling at him.

The Work in "Old Fin."

Last week I saw some of the spien-

Last week I saw some of the splen did demonstration work that is being done in Fluvanna county by Wittlam O. Snead, who is the local demonstra-tor, under State Agent Sandy, for the O. Snead, who is the local demonstrator, under State Agent Sandy, for the counties of Fluvanna and Goochland. He has had wonderful success in "Old Flu," having 'demonstrated' to the complete satisfaction, in fact to the enlightenment, profit and joy of fifty farmers in that county. On each of these fifty farms he has carried on the work on plots measuring from three to ten acres, and has not yet scored a failure, although last year, when on most of the farms clover was the subject of demonstration, the seasons were very unfavorable. The Goochland people have not taken so rapidly to the work. It may be that some of the chronic kickers referred to live in that county. In fact, there is pretty strong evidence that quite a lot of them are Goochlanders. Well, they are the losers by that kind of bull-headedness—not the demonstrators or the powers that pay the demonstrators of the chronic states. tors or the powers that pay the dem-onstrators. Anyhow, all the farmers who have tried the work have been profited by it, and are enthusiastic

### OLD FORK UNION How the Famous Fork Section Obtained Its Now Ancient Name.

THE VILLAGE AND

ITS ENTERPRISES

Pet of the Unanimous People. Another "Fork" Formed by Branches of Great Railway System-Immense Water-Power May Be Utilized For Manufactories.

> BY FRANK S. WOODSON, Industrial Editor.

Fork Union, Va., July 23 .- In my letter from here last week I took up so much space with demonstration work and special farming matters I could not talk any of Fork Union proper and other attractions of the great "Fork" country of Fluvanna, one of the grandest counties in the Common-wealth, although it is much smaller, than some of them than some of them.

The Rivanna River, which rises away

than some of them.

The Rivanna River, which rises away up yonder somewhere in Albemarle county, flows through the centre of Fluvanna from the northwest and empties into the James at Columbia. The rich part of Fluvanna lying between the two streams, or rather in the partial triangle thus formed, has ever been called the "Fork," and this village may be called the "capital of the "Fork." The word "Union" got stuck on to the name of the "capital" because of the fact that the people in the olden time were said to be unanimous on all subjects, all being Democrats and Baptists—Whigs, Presbyterians, Episcopalians, etc., being as scarce as hen's teeth. It is very much that way yet, especially as to the Democratic part of it, but in religious matters the unanimity is not altogether as pronounced as it was forty or fifty years ago.

Old Church, Merchants and Industries.

The old brick church here, which was erected something more than 100 years ago, is a great gathering place for the Baptilst of the fork country.

years ago, is a great gathering place for the Baptists of the fork country, and it is in a more flourishing condi-tion now than ever before in its his-tery.

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and it is in a more flourishing condition now than ever before in its history.

Rev. George H. Snead, D. D., has been the pastor of the church for thirty-two years. Services are held every Sunday morning and night and also on Wednesday nights. A large Sunday school, with Baraca and other Bible classes, is held every Sunday in the year, rain or shine.

Fork Union has a little bank, known as the Bank of Fluvanna, which does not attempt to do a world-wide business, but contents itself with the good work of taking care of the funds of the people of the immediate neighborhood and furnishing the farmers and others of the "Fork" with financial accommodations.

The village has three well-filled stores, which do a good business year in and year out. The industries consist of several shops, which do wood work, blacksmithing, shoe repairing, etc., and a nail and horseshoe keg factory, the entire product of which is sold to the Tredegar Company, in Richmond.

Pride and Pet of the People.

The principal industry, if I may so designate it, and the one in which all the people in all this section of the county take an immense pride, is the Fork Union Military Academy. This is a peculiar school, and I doubt if there is another just like it anywhere in the State. It was established eleven years ago, and its marked success so far has abundantly proved the wisdom of the adoption of the peculiar in the first place because it is not intended to be a money-making peculiar in the first place because it is not intended to be a money-making enterprise. Indeed, it is not a private enterprise at all; is not conducted in the interest of any individual or any company or corporation. It has been founded and partially endowed by a number of public-spirited Fluvannaties and others, who are impelled by the conviction that the public schools hereabouts are not affording adequate facilities for preparing boys, either for colleges or universities or for all of the practical duties of life. The academy is no rival of the public schools, nor is it designed to become a rival of any colleges, but was established distinctly as an academy, and it proposes, so I am told, to stick closely to its chosen field.

As I before intimated, the authorities are not in the school business for the money they hope to get out of it, their sole desire being to put educating within the reach of persons of moderate means, and therefore the moderate means, and therefore the moderate means, and therefore the charges for both board and tuition are regulated so as to merely meet actual expenses. The school has two large buildings and ample play and drill grounds. The roll of students has grown from about twenty in 1899 to 200 last term. A detailed officer from the United States Army has charge of the military end of the academy, and he is here for four years, at least.

The village is so healthy that peculiar in the first place is not intended to be a mor

years, at least.

Health and Railway Facilities.

The village is so healthy that doctors find it hard to make a living hereabouts unless they ride over a large territory. The location is such that it is bound to be healthy. The village is four miles from the James River, and the same distance from tha Rivanna, and is on a natural divide, so that a part of the rainfall flows into the James and a part into the Rivanna. Being in the foothills, the entire "Fork" may be said to be midway between the malarias of the coast country and the fevers of the mountain section.

tain section.

Fork Union is four and a half miles Fork Union is four and a half miles from Bremo Bluff, on the James River Division of the Chesapeake and Ohio Rallway, and a little less than two miles from Fork Union Station, on the Virginia Air Line, another branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio, running through the centre of the county and extending from Gordonsville, on the maine line, to Strathmore, on the James River Division. By the way, this makes another "fork," and gives the original fork country superh freight (Continued on Last Page.)

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# LIFELESS WEEK IN TOBACCO TRADE

### Loose Leaf Houses Are "Running Dark," and Only Trading Done Is in Prized Stocks.

the theatre people would say, they are "running dark houses." The trading that is being done is in prized stocks.

In Richmond the package business was light, although there was a little county is a canning factory, located at something doing, both in dark and for export and the bulk of the brights for domestic consumption. The market was steady and very firm, and all of the sales that were made were at fig-

Danville, Lynchburg and other interior markets report quiet and steady business in package goods. The South Carolina loose leaf markets will be opening up on the 1910

ures quite satisfactory to the sellers.

bright crop in a week or two.

NASH COUNTY HAS EXCELLENT SEASON

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Nashville, July 23.—More wheat than sual has been raised in Nash county this past season, and the wheat crop has been good. There is not a fine cotton, corn or peanut county in the State, and every year just a little more wheat is grown. boys are growing corn for prizes, and a number of the farmers have pet cornfields. Folks are beginning to oprifields. Folks are beginning to grow what they need at home. To care for the wheat crop and grind it into flour are two up-to-date roller flour mills. One is at the site of the old Webb mill, on Tar River, and the other is at Nashville. The first is run by J. L. Barbee, and is located near Spring Hope. The one at Nashville is owned and operated by N. C. Warren. Both began operation this year. Plans are being made to convert the old Boddie mill, which is located six miles from Nashville, into a roller mill. This is one of the oldest mills in the county, and has always had a large patronage.

The past week was a lifeless one in but the increased wheat acreage has the leaf tobacco trade of Virginia and the Carolinas, that is, almost lifeless, for he it understood that all of the loose leaf houses are closed or, as the theatre people would say, they are

something doing, both in dark and bright types. Something like 300 bright types. Something like 300 eration this week. There is a paid-in capital of \$5,000, and the factory is prepared to take care of hundreds of bushels of the care of hundreds of bushels of th potato. It will be remembered that Ed. potato. It will be remembered that Ed. Dillard, of Spring Hope, was last year given the title of "Potato King," and there are other farmers in the county who raise potatoes in abundance. The canning factory is a new industry for the county, but it seems destined to be a successful one. Nashville's most prosperous business men are behind the enterurise. the enterprise.

Clearing House Statement.

New York, July 23.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold \$40,313,45 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent. reserve rule. This is an increase of \$15,170,775 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

The statement follows:
Loans, \$1,125,485,600; decrease, \$6,013,000.
Deposits, \$1,185,600,100; increase, \$7,594,900.
Circulation, \$45,565,800; increase, \$10,100.
Legal tenders, \$70,517,600; increase, \$1,715,-500.

Legal tenders, \$70,517,500; increase, \$11,713,-500.

Specie, \$266,047.00; increase, \$14,226,000.
Reserve, \$236,647.00; increase, \$15,144.500.
Reserve required, \$296,251,376; increase, \$1,-973,723.

Surplus, \$40,313,425; increase, \$13,170,776.
Ex-United States deposite, \$40,723,150; increase, \$13,150,155.

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house banks to-day was 28,90.
The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater, New York not reporting to the clearing house shows:
Locans, \$1,155,153,70; decrease, \$7,434,200.
Specie, \$122,653,000; decrease, \$7,637,000.
Legal tenders, \$1,187,700; decrease, \$123,200.
Total deposits, \$1,235,804,100; decrease, \$2,445,900.

Twentieth Century City Homes Under One Roof-Greater Richmond's Venture.

The new apartment house at the corner of Harrison and Franklin Streets, in the most fashionable resi-

power in Eastern North Carolina, and yet a number of mills in Nash county are run by water. Both the Barbee and Boddie mills are run by water. Among the new enterprises for Nash county is a canning factory, located at Nashville. The factory will begin operation this week. There is a paid-in capital of \$5,000, and the factory is prepared to take care of hundreds of bushels of tomatoes, potatoes and other things. There are numbers and numbers of acres of tomatoes growing near Nashville and elsewhere in the demand of the apartment dweller who desires spacelous rooms, extra who desires spacelous rooms, extra who desires spacelous rooms, extra who desires spacelous rooms to admit of one of the hundred that so only apartment house yet erected in the county this year, and this county was a svidently the original home of the potato. It will be remembered that Ed. kind, in which there are numerous en-trances and exits that give the idea of a "community" rather than a home.
The architecture of The Berkeley is

The architecture of The Berkeley is Colonial, a style which Noland & Baskerville, the architects, handle with rare skill. The general appearance of The Berkeley is that of a charming dwelling house, with the entrance for the first apartment through a beautifully proportioned porch on Franklin Street, and to the apartments above through a handsome side entrance on Harrison Street, where access is had to the upper floors by means of an electric elevator and an iron stairway.

by means of an electric elevator and an iron stairway.

A library and drawing room occupy the Franklin Street front of each apartment, affording a floor space of thirty-two feet, beyond which is the wide reception hall, from which the main hall (six feet in width) opens through a well planned Colonial arch. Each suite consists of four large bedrooms, with closets; two tiled bathrooms, two servant rooms, a dining room, which is 20 by 14 1-2 feet, and beautifully lighted with two large west windows, and a pantry and and beautifully lighted with two large west windows, and a pantry and kitchen, with freight elevator, back porch and stairway. There are also two linen and trunk closets in each apartment.

The mantels are an exquisite feature of each room, being especially de-

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